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2008

Practical Strategies for Diagnosing and Treating Depression in Women at Midlife and Beyond

UNT Health Science Center - Center for Professional and Continuing Education

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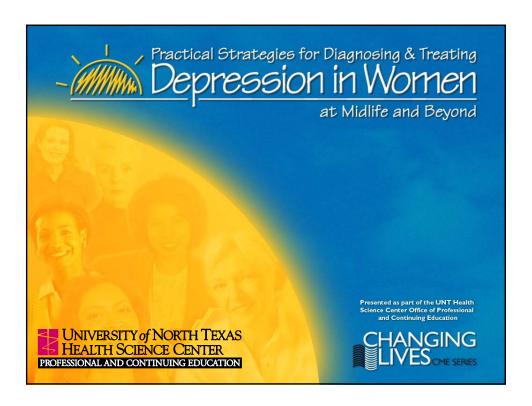
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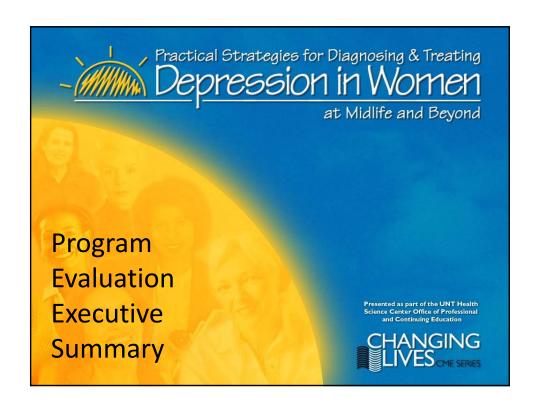


Participants to Date	
Activity	Participants
Satellite Broadcasts, DVDs,VHS & Webcast/Online	13,097 95,376 page views
5 Live, Half-day forums	323
State & Regional Meetings	1,657
Printed Monograph	2,466
Case & Comment Series* (exp 05/09)	2,406*
TOTAL (to date)	19,949
* Ongoing	















Educational Gap

- Primary Care providers need to improve knowledge and skills related to depressions screening, diagnosis and treatment, have decision support tools available and be linked to specialty expertise.
- Women at midlife and beyond are often misdiagnosed or the condition is underdiagnosed in the primary care setting.



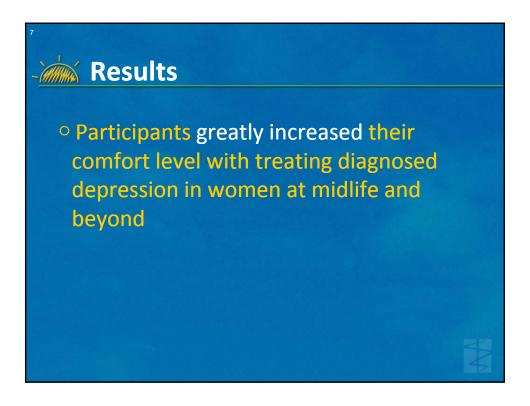
Results

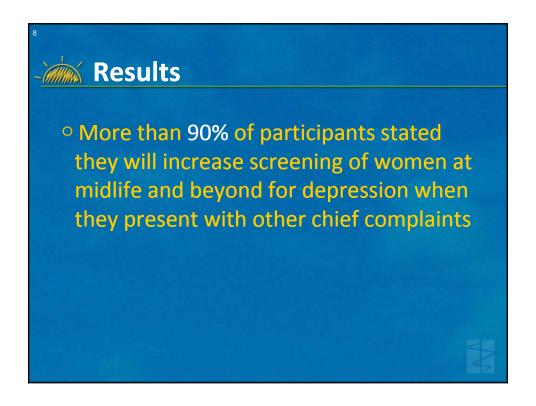
 Those who participated in the University of North Texas Health Science Center's Depression in Women at Midlife and Beyond series have greatly indicated the intent to increase efforts to diagnose and treat depression in women at midlife and beyond

















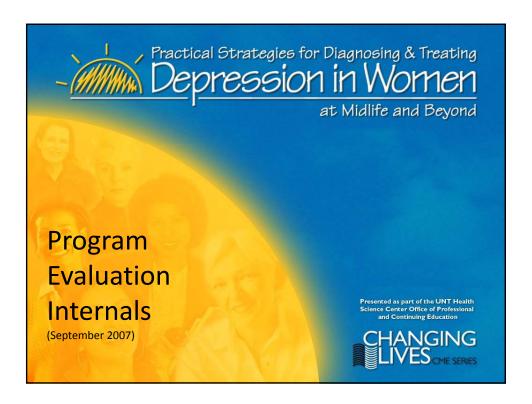
 Two-thirds of participants have trained staff to screen women at midlife and beyond for depression and/or incorporated the use of a depression screening tool into daily practice since attending the live activity



Notable increases in the number ICD-9
 codes related to depression reported and
 the number of antidepressants (class
 data) prescribed were seen in regions
 where the live activities were conducted.



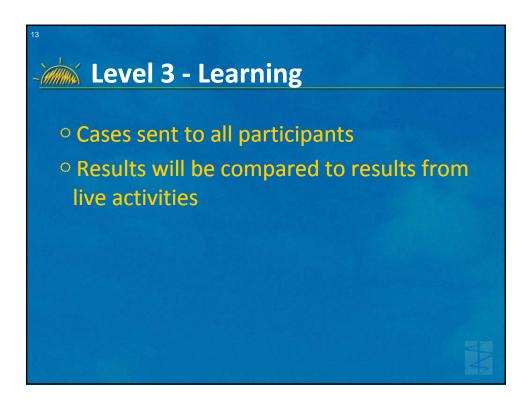


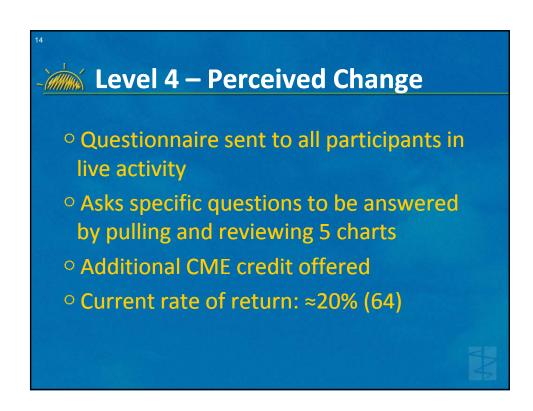








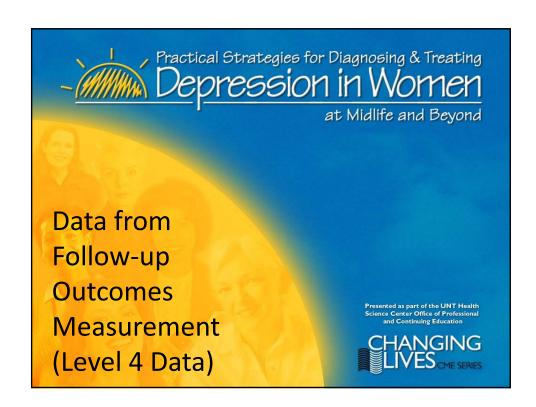






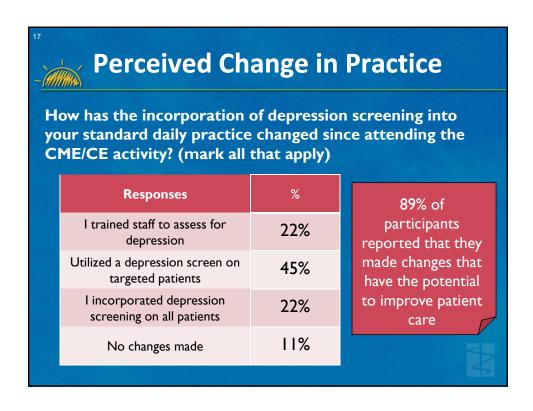


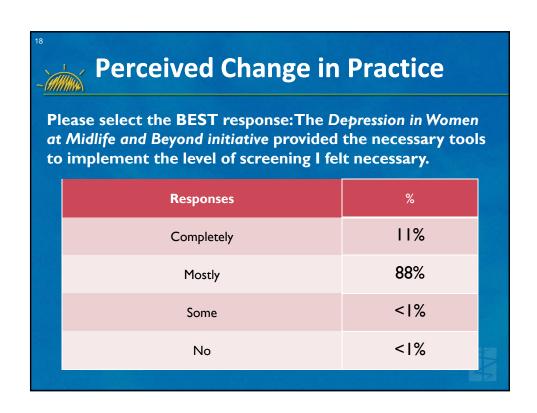
Level 5 – Measured Change O ICD-9 codes & antidepressant utilization data (class level only) Pulled for all live, interactive forums





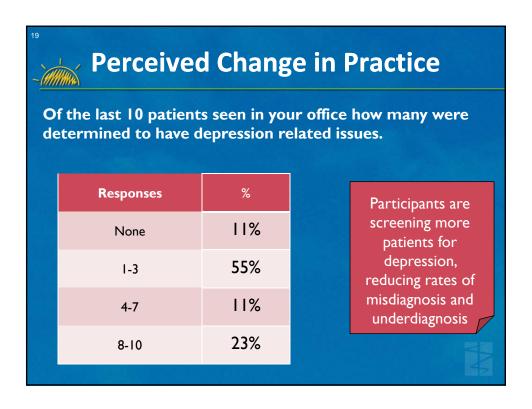


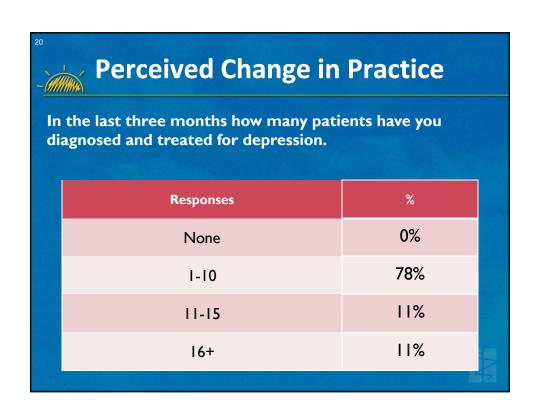






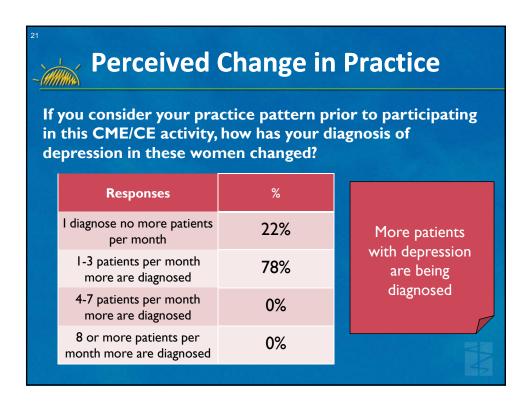


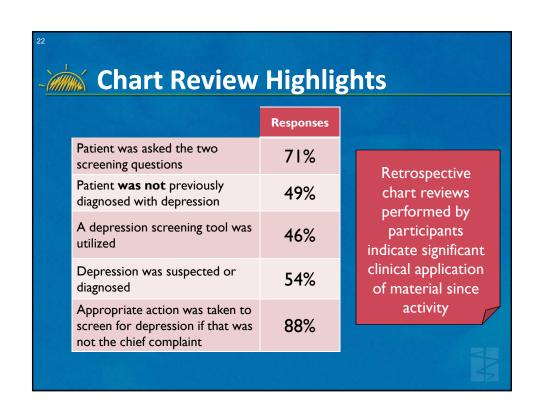






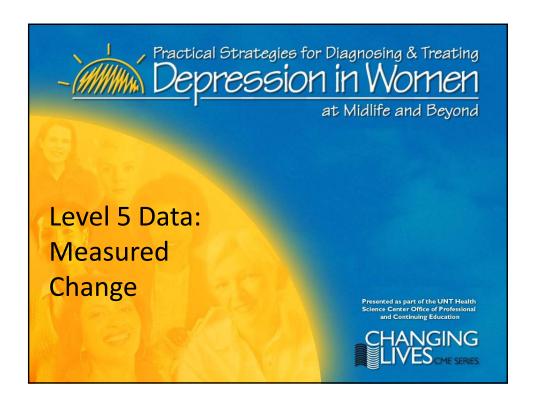


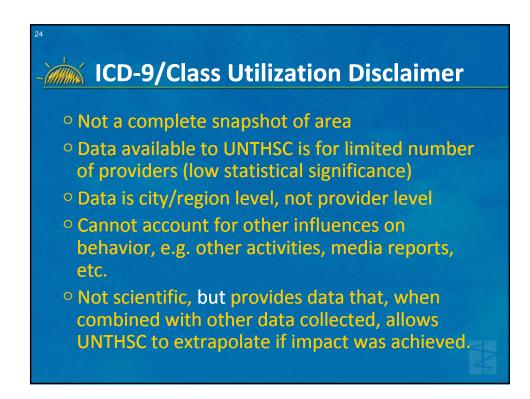
















MDD Diagnostic Codes • An average of 4.1% increase (deciles 110 averaged) in diagnostic codes related to major depressive disorder reported in cities where live activities held. • Greatest: St. Louis − 10.2% ↑ • Least: Detroit - 1.4% ↑ Codes 296.21-296.26

